

Social Enterprises From a Multi-Actor Power Perspective

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transformative social innovation theory







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Routledge Studies in Social Enterprise & Social Innovation

THEORY OF SOCIAL ENTERPRISE AND PLURALISM

SOCIAL MOVEMENTS, SOLIDARITY ECONOMY, AND THE GLOBAL SOUTH

Edited by
Philippe Eynaud, Jean-Louis Laville,
Luciane Lucas dos Santos, Swati Banerjee,
Flor Avelino and Lars Hulgård

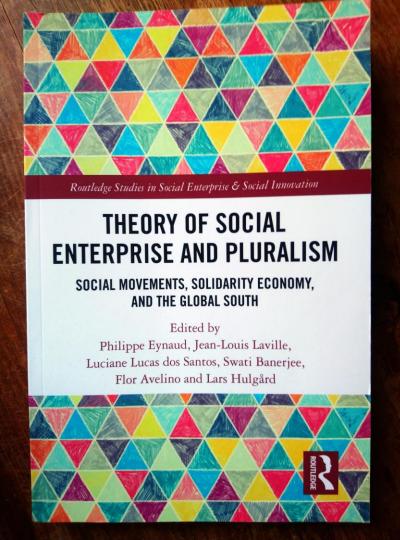


60 Jean-Louis Laville and Philippe Eynaud

Table 3.1 The Three Conceptual Versions of Social Enterprise

Company In	Third Sector and Social Business	Social Economy	Solidarity Economy
Objective	Reduce poverty	Promote equality in status (one person, one vote)	Promote equality in action and in living well
Form	Social entrepreneurship	Collective entrepreneurship	Institutional entrepreneurship
Argument	Answers to social challenges according to entrepreneurial feasibility	Combining association of persons with economic activities	Articulating protection and emancipation through deliberation
Means	Solving the social problem through private initiative	Organising collective ownership	Developing autonomous and intermediary public spaces
Type of solidarity	Dominance of philanthropic solidarity	Democratic solidarity	Democratic solidarity

Eynaud P., Laville J.L., Dos Santos L.L., Banerjee S., Hulgard, H., Avelino F. (2019), <u>Theory of social enterprise and pluralism: Social Movements, Solidarity Economy, and Global South</u>, Routledge Publisher: Oxfordshire.



Unpacking the transformative potential of social enterprise

10 The Transformative Potential of Plural Social Enterprise

A Multi-Actor Perspective

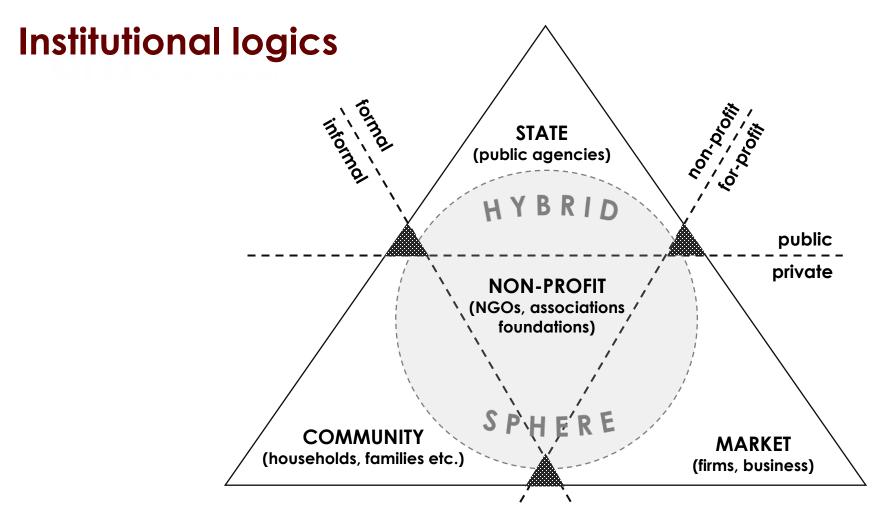
Flor Avelino and Julia M. Wittmayer

Introduction

What is the transformative potential of social enterprise to challenge, alter or replace existing power relations? This is the question that we ponder in this chapter, by taking a multi-actor perspective to unpack concepts and empirical manifestations of social enterprise.

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<u>Avelino & Wittmayer 2019</u>

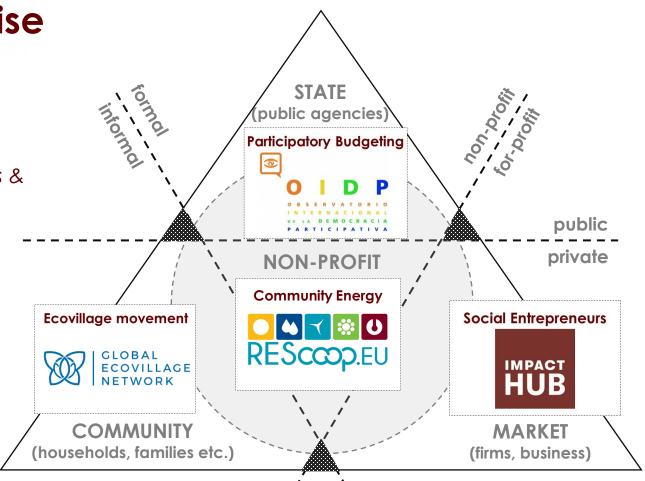


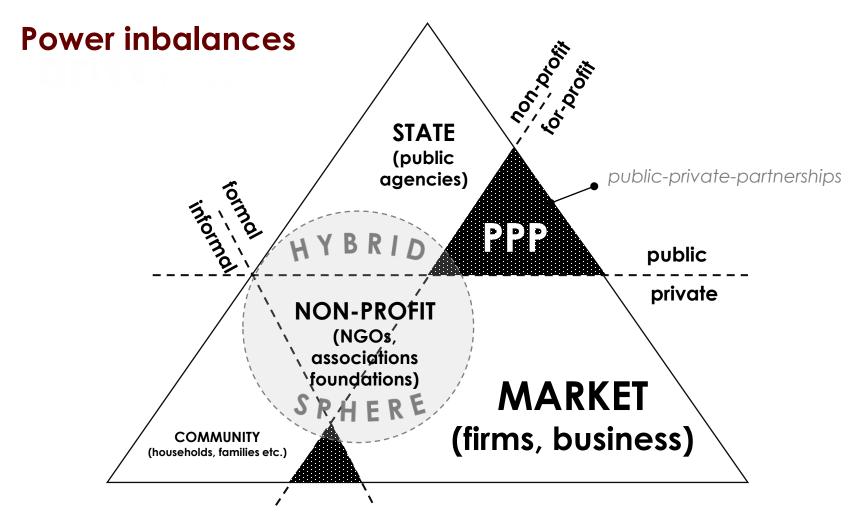
Multi-Actor Perspective politician, policy-maker, bureaucrat, citizen, voter Multiple institutional STATE logics & actor roles (public agencies) public private activist, volunteer, member, benefactor, researcher NON-PROFIT / resident, neighbour, producer, consumer, (associations, / family member, employer, employee, NGOs) friend client, entrepreneur **COMMUNITY MARKET** (households, families etc.) (firms, business)

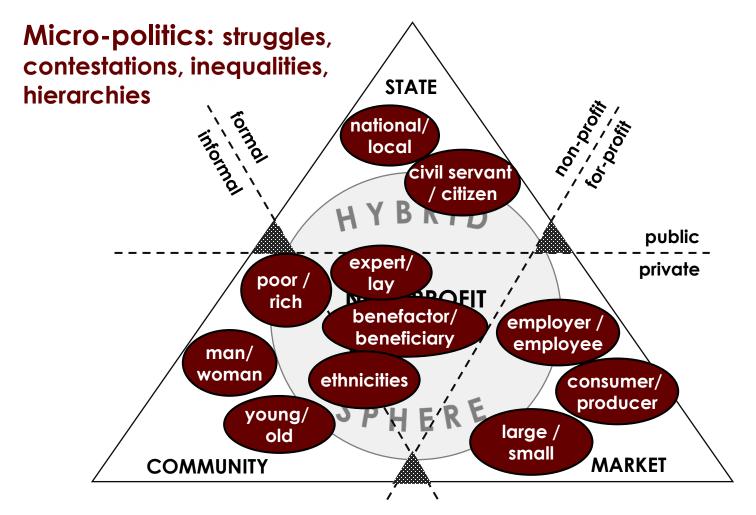
Social Enterprise

Emerges across diverse institutional logics

Shifting (power) relations & boundaries between institutional logics is inherent to SF.







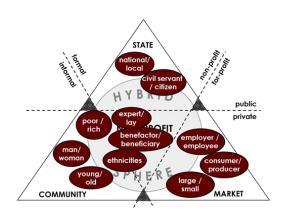
Evaluating transformative potential of Social Enterprise

How/to what extent is Social Enterprise challenging/reproducing power relations in which (institutional context) and at what level?

macro-level power relations



micro-level power relations



Power (de)/(re)centralization

Decentralisation in one place can lead to (re)centralisation elsewhere (and visa versa).





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Energy Democracy:

Redistributing Power to the People Through Renewable Transformation

Jennie C. Stephens

Energy democracy is a growing social movement that prioritizes this poof renewable energy tential for redistributing power to the accelerates, the transpeople through renewable transformaformative potential of tion. Energy democracy acknowledges moving away from how fossil-fuel-based energy systems fossil fuel reliance is becoming increasingly clear. Around the world, individuand the associated massive corporate als, communities, organizations, cities, profits of large multinational energy states, and countries are recognizing that companies have perpetuated inequities. exacerbated disparate vulnerabilities, renewable energy offers much more than just reliable clean electricity, pollution and promoted widespread injustices reductions, and climate mitigation. In among and within communities around addition to these environmental benethe world. By highlighting the negative fits, the renewable energy revolution also societal impacts of fossil-fuel-based provides potential to transform society concentration of power and wealth, the ergy needs. by redistributing jobs, wealth, health, principles of energy democracy connect

ated transformation toward a more socially just and equal society.

Energy democracy recognizes that replacing fossil-fuel-based infrastructure with renewables is much more than a technological substitution; the social changes associated with this transition could be transformative. Energy democracy focuses on harnessing this progressive social change potential by embracing a vision of more distributed, locally based energy systems with a regionally appropriate mix of different renewable sources satisfying 100% of society's en-

Whether the renewable energy tranenergy system change with an associ-sition delivers on this potential of re-

Stephen Burgen in Cádiz and Barcelona Fri 14 Jun 2019 13.05 BST f 💆 🖾





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4 ENVIRONMENT

and political power more equitably.

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Mainstreaming How can/are social enterprises that aim to contribute to **STATE** just sustainability transitions, be mainstreamed & gain power **Bureaucratization &** while maintaining **Standardization** transformative potential? public private Marketization & Socialisation & Commodification Communalisation ssocia **NGOs**

MARKET

(firms, business)

COMMUNITY

(households, families etc.)

Wittmayer et al. 2020

Question to discuss

In your studies, research and/or experience,

how & to what extent are social enterprises challenging and/or reproducing power relations?

Thank you!

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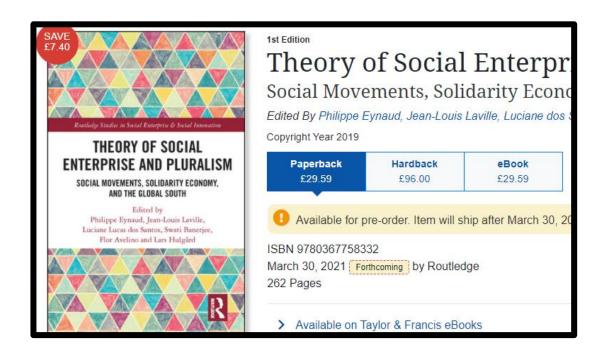
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Top 10 background reading

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