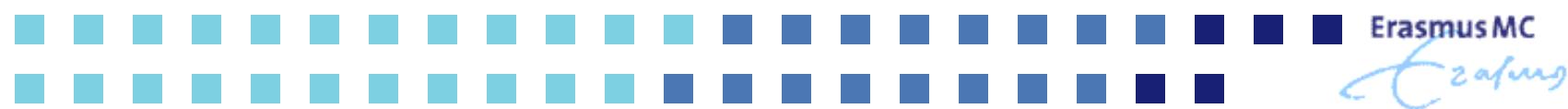


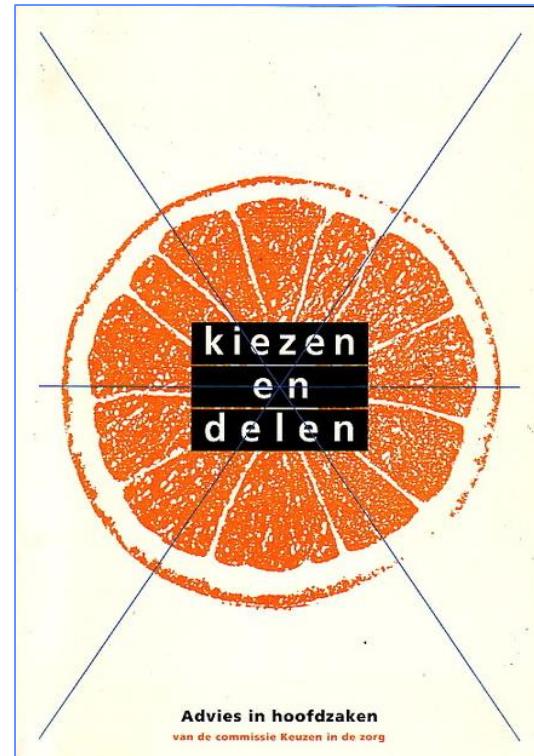
Equity Considerations in The Netherlands: Past, Present, Future

Prof. dr. Jan van Busschbach, Erasmus MC

Symposium: Are all QALYs Equal? Past, Present and Future of Equity Weighting
September 16 2019, Erasmus School of Health Policy & Management

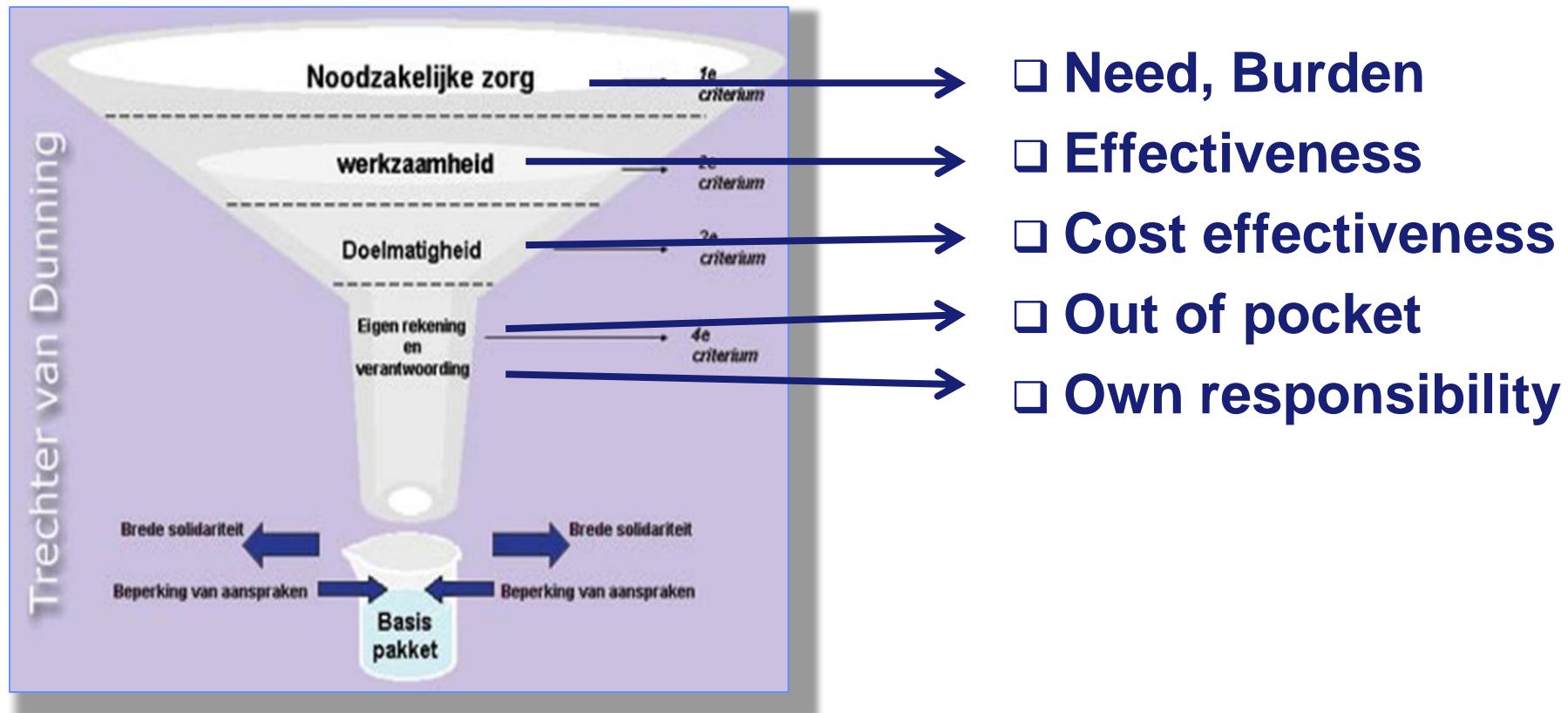


Committee ‘Choices in Care’ 1991: Keuzen in de zorg

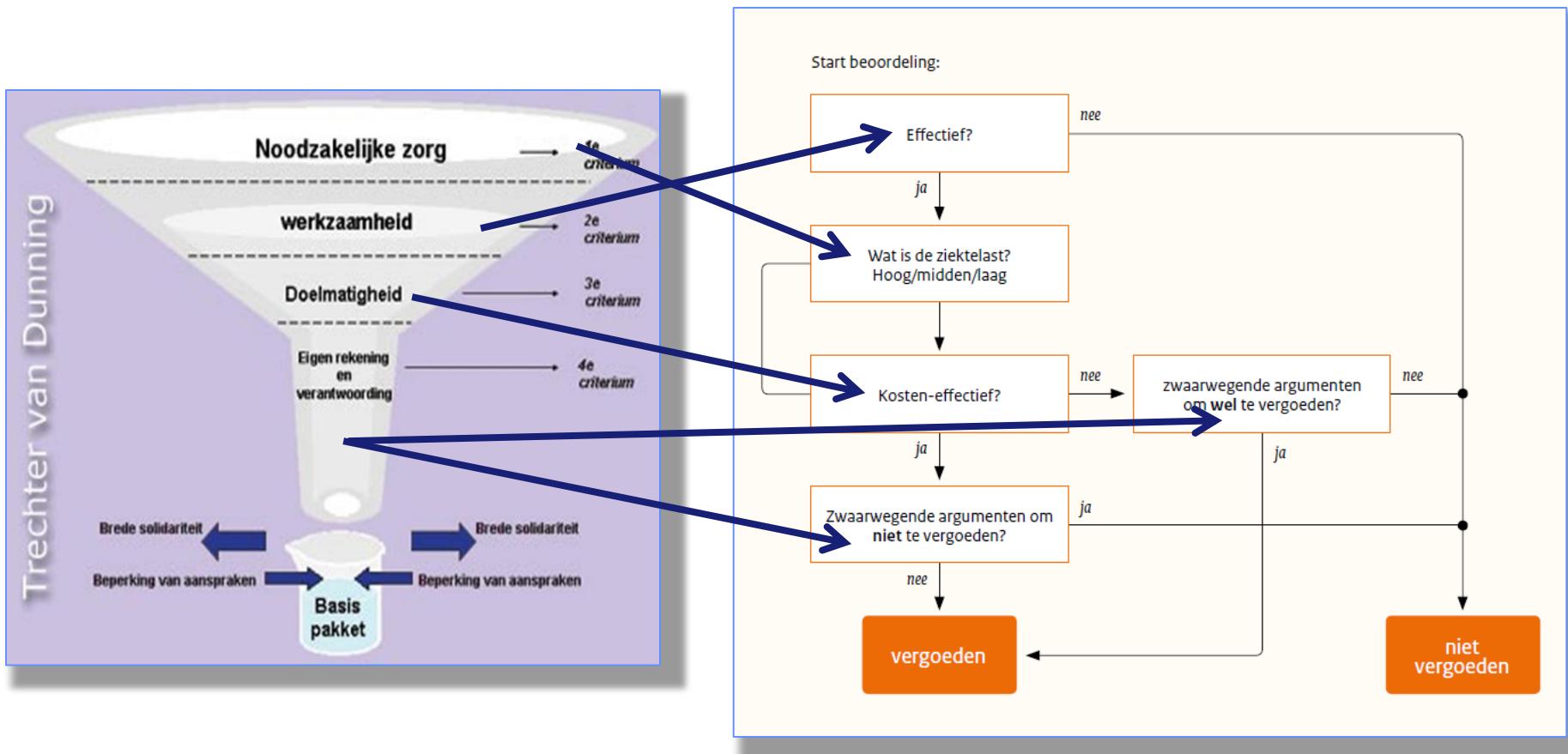


Arend Jan (Ad) Dunning

Funnel of Dunning



Pakketadvies in de praktijk. Wikken en wegen voor een rechtvaardig pakket. Zorginstituut Nederland 5 september 2017



Most critique on cost-effectiveness

❑ Funnel of Dunning not used in full until 2016

- ✓ Need
- ✓ Effectiveness
- ✗ Cost-effectiveness



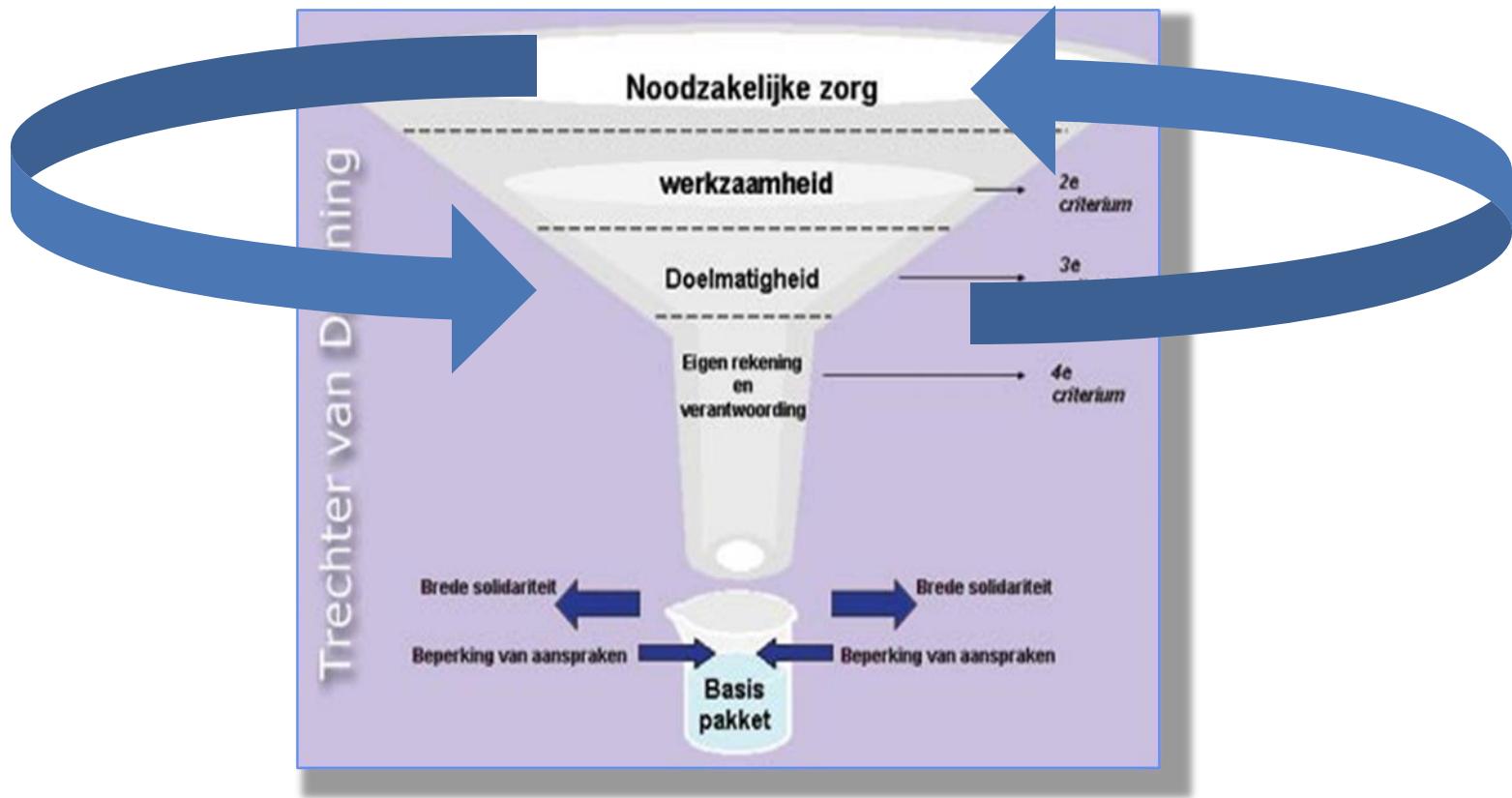
This combination always accepted

❑ Critique

- No equity weighting
 - Discrimination towards the old and chronic sick
- Etc....



Equity is present in the Funnel of Dunning



Non consensus on need/equity

□ Rule of rescue

- Looking forwards: direct loss of health

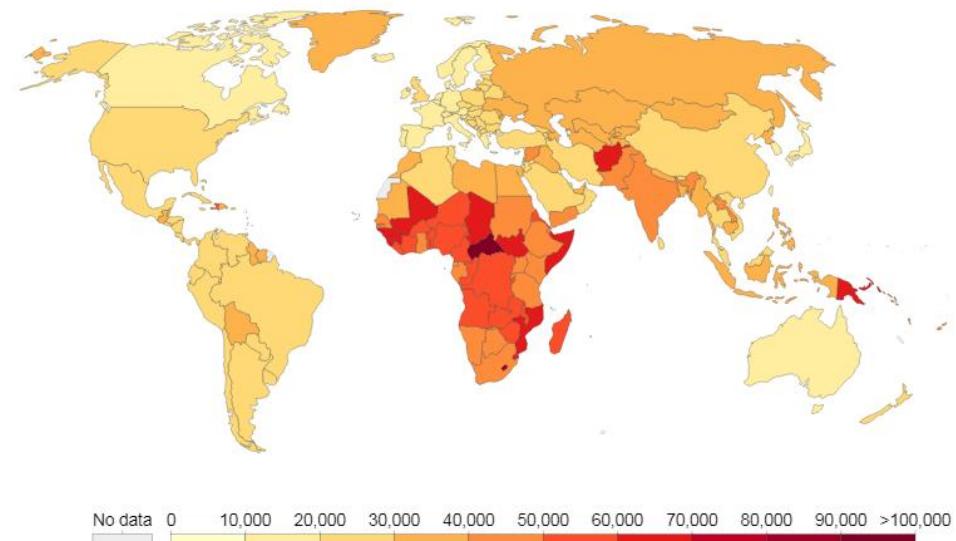
□ Fair innings

- Looking back wards: health over a life time
- WHO / DALY

DALYs rate from all causes, 2016

Age-standardized DALY (Disability-Adjusted Life Year) rates per 100,000 individuals from all causes. DALYs are used to measure total burden of disease - both from years of life lost and years lived with a disability. One DALY equals one lost year of healthy life.

Our World
in Data



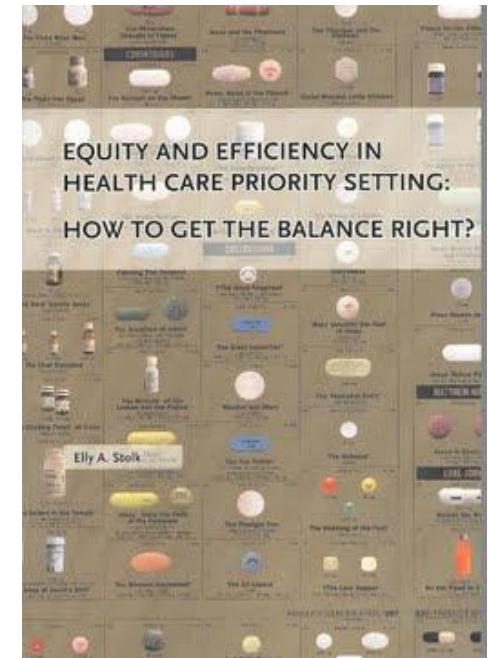
Proportional shortfall

Elly Stolk 2005

- Combining rule of rescue and fair innings

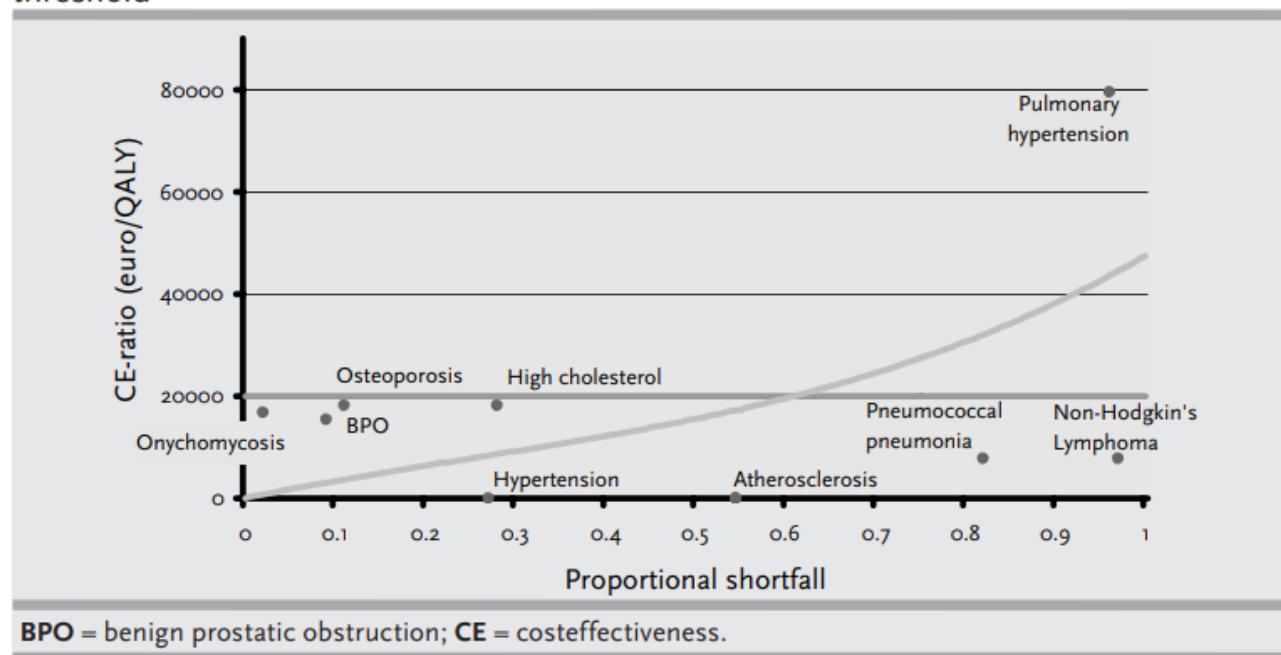
- Ratio between what you would have and what you would loss:

- Losing 1 year of 2, is the same as:
 - Losing 10 of 20 years



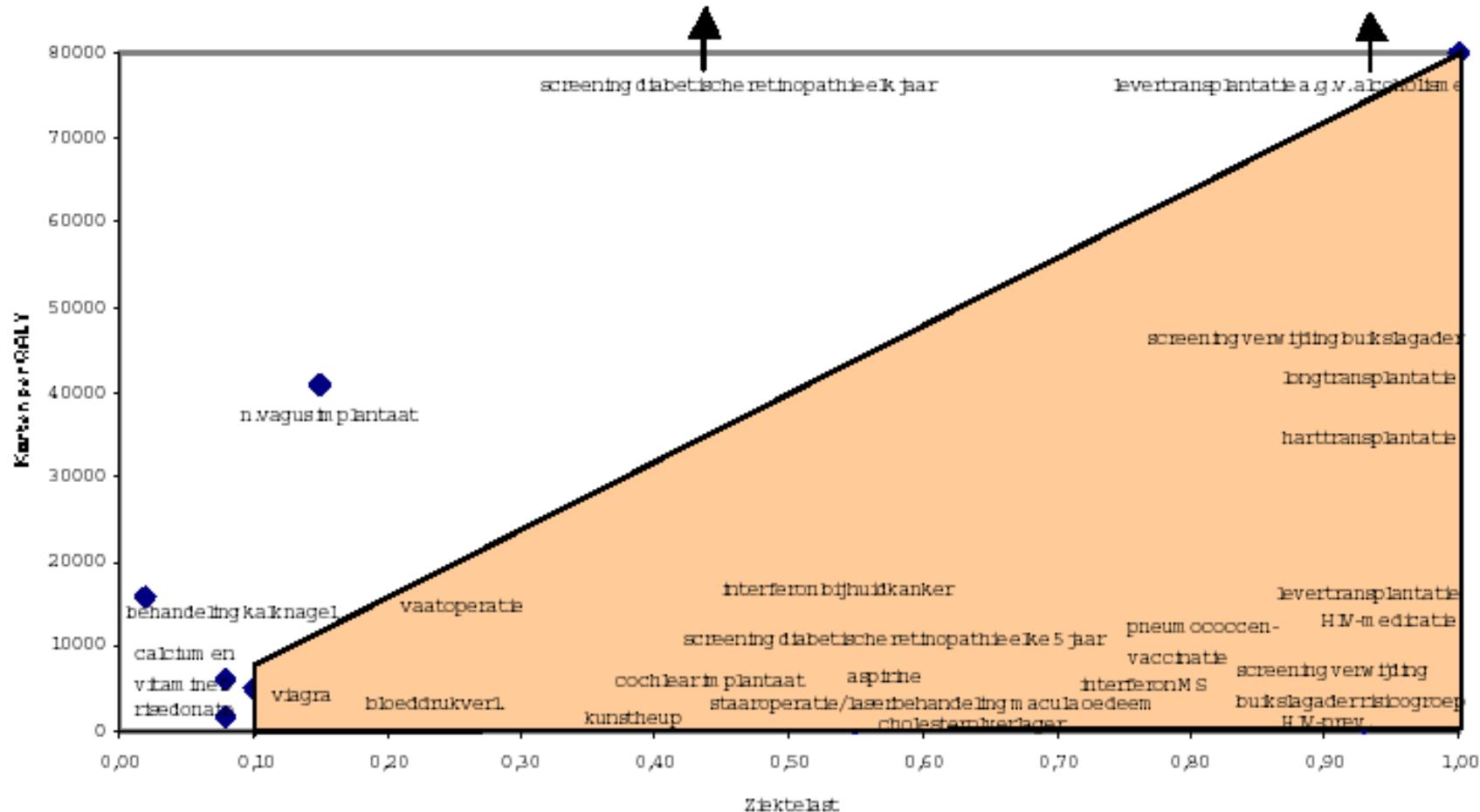
Interaction between need and cost effectiveness

▲ **Figure 4.3** Schematic representation depicting how an equity-adjustment procedure would affect reimbursement decisions compared with a constant cost-effectiveness threshold



Dutch Council for Public Health and Health Care (RvZ, 2006)

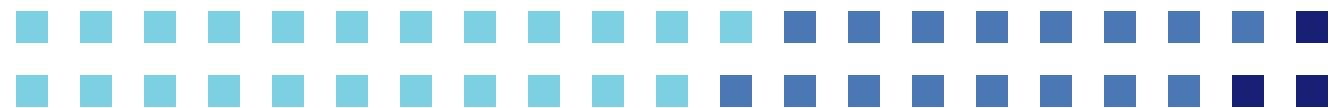
Figuur 3.1 Kosten per QALY naar ernst van de aandoening



Appraisal committee, 2008

□ Advies Commissie Pakket

- ACP: weighting between different arguments



Pompe en Fabry 2012

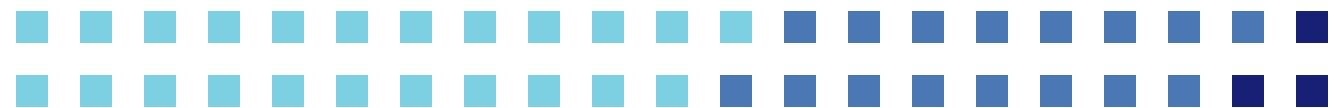
□ Absurd high cost effectiveness ratios

- Classical form €300.000 to €900.000 per QALY
- Non classic : € 15.000.000 per QALY

□ HTA community: an example of unacceptable cost effectiveness

□ High pressure

- Public opinion: to accept
- HTA: to object



public outrage



Er zullen deze week in de buurt van dat College van zorgverzekeringen toch wel mensen zijn geweest die deze horken recht in hun bek hebben gezegd wat een stilletje onbeholpen stumpers het zijn?

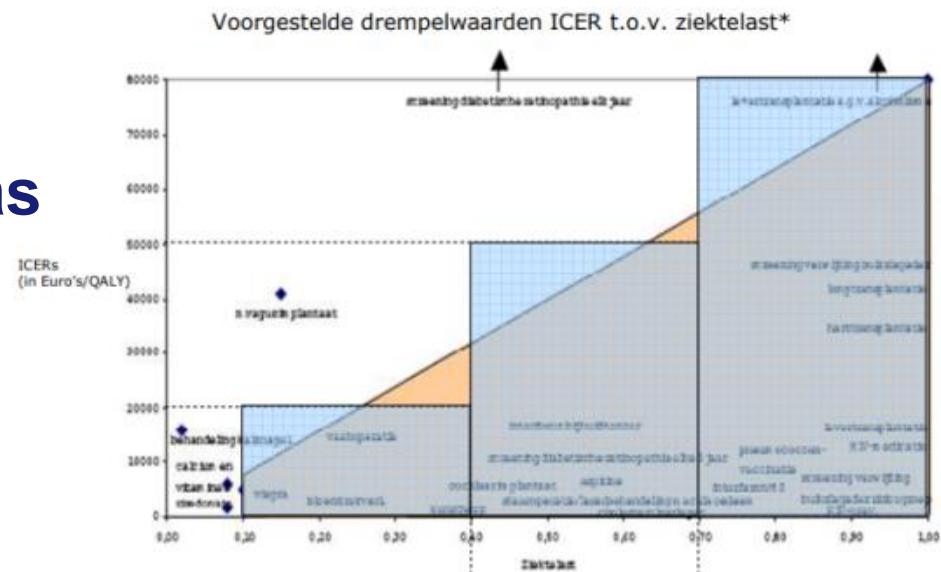
Dat je van God en alles los bent als je je überhaupt durft af te vragen of je de medicatie van kansloze patiënten met de Ziekte van Pompe moet stopzetten omdat ze te duur worden!

... Lafbekken! ... Incompetente harken zijn het. Schaameloze aso's! Bestuurshooligans. Over sommige zaken moet je, zeker als gezond mens, je bek houden. We hebben de plicht om de levens van de zieken te redden.

Column NRC Handelsblad 4/8/2012
www.nrc.nl/youp/2012/08/04/pompe-of-verzuipen/

Changes made

- Cost effectiveness now an explicit criterion
 - With a maximum of € 80.000
 - Proportional shortfall was chose as the measure of need
 - The interaction model was made more simple
 - € 20.000
 - € 50.000
 - € 80.000



Additional changes

- The jargon was improved
- More HTA expertise was establish in the scientific board of ZiNL
- The ACP members got more recognition of the need for cost effective intervention
- Improved communication

Besprekings operationalisering van het huidige criterium
"voldoende/onvoldoende onderbouwd"
kosteneffectiviteit,
Utrecht 25 nov 2013

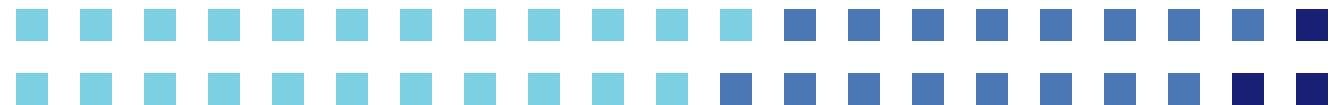


It seems to work

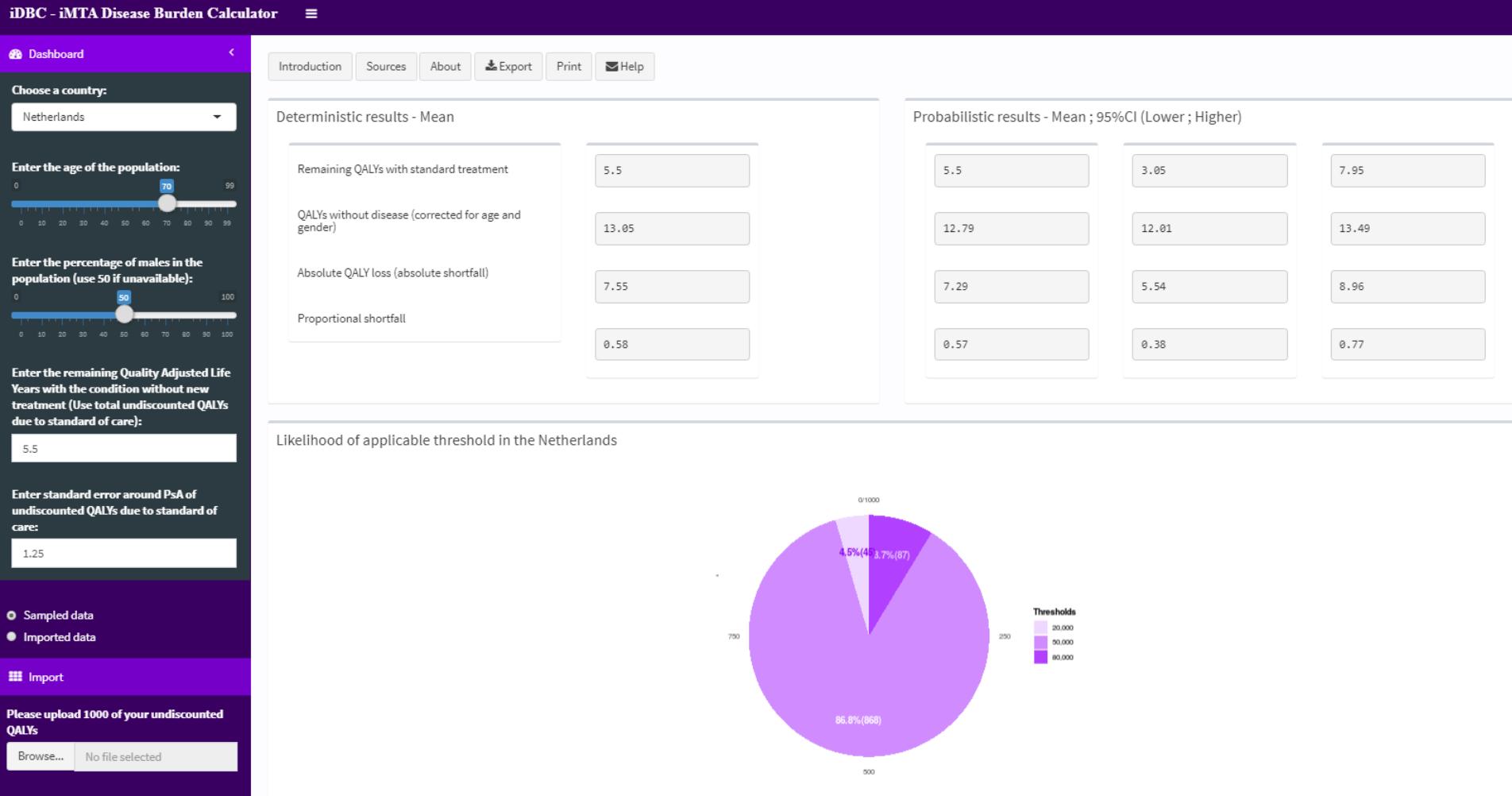
Het vertrekpunt van de discussie is het feit dat de combinatietherapie dabrafenib met trametinib (Tafinlar® en Mekinist®) voldoet aan de 'stand van de wetenschap en praktijk'. Echter, kijkend naar de onderbouwing van de effectiviteit en kosteneffectiviteit is er sprake is van grote onzekerheden. Op basis van deze onzekerheden adviseert de commissie dan ook om deze behandelcombinatie niet op te nemen in het basispakket.

De Raad van Bestuur van het Zorginstituut zal dit ACP-advies meenemen in zijn advies aan de minister voor Medische Zorg.

Concluderend is de commissie van mening dat het geneesmiddel niet met de bestaande prijs in het pakket kan worden opgenomen en adviseert om over de prijs te onderhandelen met de fabrikant. Daarbij merkt de commissie nog twee dingen op. Ten eerste adviseert zij, vanwege

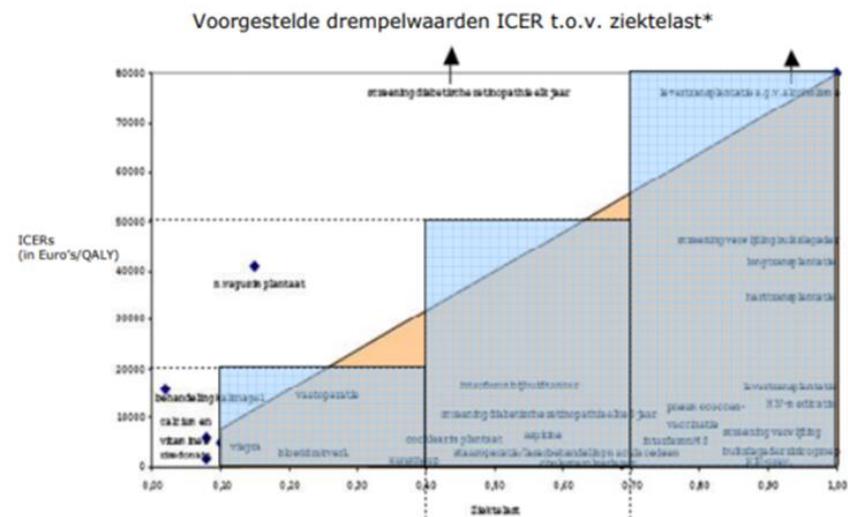


Matthijs Versteegh: iMTA Disease Burden Calculator



Future

- The three stage model is ok
 - Interaction between burden / need and cost effectiveness will last
 - Will proportional short fall hold?



Will proportional short fall last?

□ Proportional short still complex

- Despite the iMTA model
- As a theoretical compromise it is ok
- But few internalize the method

□ Fair innings

- Simple
- Most evidence

□ The elderly in double jeopardy

- Cost effectiveness
- Fair innings

