

Practice exercises



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Arabic

- **Base 1**

Translate the following sentences:

1. Kaam 3omrak / 3omrik? - 3omry
2. Ma mehnetak/mehnetik? - Ana talib / taliba
3. Ayn tadros/tadrosy? - Ana adros fee...
4. Ma tudros/tudrosy? – Ana adrosu al 3arabeya
5. Ayn al manzel?
6. Ma 3enwanak?
7. Ana oreed al hesaab
8. Momken qahwa

- **Base 2**

Basic writing and reading is expected when entering base 2.

- You should know how to differentiate the letters and how to write them.
- You should be able to read basic words written in Arabic.

Furthermore, if you understand the example sentences of base 1 you are welcome to sign up for base 2.

Dutch

- **Base 1**

Vul de juiste vervoeging van de werkwoorden in.

1. Mijn naam _____ ('to be') Sarah.
2. Ik _____ ('to be') 20 jaar oud.
3. Ik _____ ('to live') in Rotterdam.
4. Mijn vader _____ ('to have') een mooie auto.
5. Jullie _____ ('to study') Bedrijfskunde.

Vertaal de volgende zinnen.

1. The weather is nice. _____
2. I am going to the city tomorrow. _____
3. I have three brothers and one sister. _____
4. It is half past ten. _____
5. That is a beautiful dress. _____

- **Base 2**

1. Vervoeg de werkwoorden in de verleden tijd

1. Ik (besteden) geen aandacht aan de vele geïrriteerde mensen.
2. Alle leerlingen(zwaaien) naar die jongens.
3. Gelukkig(rennen) wij heel hard toen wij bijna te laat waren.
4. Sander(rennen) vorige week ook erg hard.
5. De moeder(verwennen) de kinderen te veel.

2. Vertaal deze zinnen, let op het gebruik van het gerundium

1. I am walking the dog through the fields. _____
2. I am stroking the horse near the rocks. _____
3. You are seeing the pig in the mud. _____

4. We are looking for the bunny in the woods. _____
5. I am keeping the guinea pig in a cage in my house. _____

- Base 3

If you are able to finish the exercises of base 1 and 2 and feel that you have enough vocabulary to keep up a conversation, you are welcome to sign up for base 3.

English

- **Base 3**

1. Choose the appropriate and fitting words from the word bank below and put them into the conversation.

- a. AND YOURSELF?
- b. AS WELL
- c. QUITE
- d. REALLY?
- e. WELL
- f. WERE WONDERING

C: Hello Jim, how are things with you?

D: Oh not bad, ___1___.

C: Good ___2___, thanks. I've got a lot to do at work but I'll be going on holiday next month.

D: Great. ___3___, I'm glad I've seen you. I was going to give you a ring some time today.

C: Really?

D: Yes. You see Liz and I ___4___ whether you've got any plans for the weekend.

C: This coming weekend?

D: Yeah.

C: Let me see. I'm not quite sure because Helen's parents were thinking of coming round some time. Why?

D: Well, it was my birthday last Tuesday ...

C: Oh congratulations!

D: ... and as the weather's ___5___ good at the moment, we're thinking of having a barbecue in the garden.

C: Sounds great.

If you cannot solve this exercise, English Base Three is too high level for you.

2. Choose the option which best completes each of the following sentences.

1. Never _____ business with that company. They are unreliable.

- a) make
- b) do
- c) run

2. Can you help me with this suitcase?

- a) It doesn't close.

- b) It can't close.
 - c) It won't close.
3. "What did you say?" " _____ It wasn't important."
- a) Don't worry.
 - b) Never mind.
 - c) I don't care.
4. No one knows why he resigned, _____ ?
- a) does one
 - b) don't they
 - c) do they
5. He _____ us that he would be here later.
- a) said
 - b) told
 - c) agreed
6. We met when we were _____ an exam.
- a) doing
 - b) making
 - c) taking
7. It doesn't _____ if we arrive a bit late.
- a) matter
 - b) mind
 - c) differ
8. They _____ a lot of money in the Lottery.
- a) made
 - b) won
 - c) earned

If you find this exercise a bit difficult, or quite doable then English Base three is the right level for you.

French

- **Base 1**

1. Translate the following text:

Bonjour, je m'appelle François. J'ai 19 ans et j'habite à Lille, en France. J'étudie la psychologie à l'université de Montpellier, dans le sud. Je fais du rugby et joue du violon. J'ai 2 sœurs et un frère. J'aime voyager et découvrir de nouvelles cultures.

2. Write the correct form of the verb to have/to be.

1. J'.....un chat et trois lapins.
2. Tu.....malade.
3. Il.....une grosse voiture.
4. Nous.....gentils.
5. Vous.....grands !!
6. Ils.....partis.
7. Monsieur.....avocat.
8. Nous.....un bateau à Marseille.
9. Vous.....une maison de vacance.
10. Je.....content.

- **Base 2**

1. Transforme la phrase de départ : conjugue le verbe entre parenthèses au temps demandé, remplace les mots soulignés par des pronoms, et ajoute les adverbes, les négations, etc. à la bonne place.

Exemple :

La caissière (indiquer, passé composé) le prix au client.

Remplace la partie soulignée par un pronom

Ajoute « ne pas » => La caissière ne l'a pas indiqué au client.

1. Tu (acheter, futur simple) des pommes.

Ajoute la négation « ne plus ».

=> _____

2. Elle (donner, passé composé) ses clefs à sa voisine.

Remplace la partie soulignée par un pronom.

=> _____

3. Nous (vendre, indicatif présent) ces livres.

Remplace la partie soulignée par un pronom.

=> _____

4. Elle (revenir, passé composé) du cinéma.

Remplace la partie soulignée par un pronom.

Ajoute « déjà ».

=> _____

5. Ils (devoir, passé composé) refaire leur devoir.

Ajoute la négation « ne pas ».

=> _____

2. D'après le contexte, conjugue les verbes entre parenthèses au mode et au temps corrects.

1. Hier, à 18h, nous (aller) _____ au restaurant, et il y (avoir) _____ beaucoup d'ambiance à cause d'un anniversaire. Alors, nous (décider) _____ de rentrer à la maison pour regarder le match. L'équipe nationale belge (perdre) _____ 2 à 0 contre les grecs.

2. Elle pense que nous (se revoir) _____ bientôt.
3. Les enfants, (être) _____ prudents !
4. Il faut que nous (faire) _____ des courses ce soir, sinon nous n' (avoir) _____ plus rien dans le frigo pour le weekend.

German

- **Base 1**

1. Vom Flughafen zum Hotel.

Ihr seid in Berlin am Flughafen Schönefeld angekommen. Ihr habt beschlossen, ein Taxi zu eurem Hotel (Intercity Hotel, Bismarckstrasse 16, Berlin- Friedrichsheim) zu nehmen.

- a. Ask people at the airport where you can find a taxi.
 - b. Tell the taxi driver where you have to go. Ask him/her if he/she can take you there.
 - c. Ask him/her how much it will cost.
 - d. Check that he uses the official taxi system (Zähler)
 - e. Have some small talk during your cab ride. Ask him where he/she is from and tell
 - f. him/her that you are in Berlin for a visit. Ask if he/she could recommend you
 - g. something.
 - h. Thank the taxi driver and say good-bye.
2. Read the following dialogue. If you understand the entire dialogue and if you'd be able to translate it into English, then Base 1 is too easy for you.

A: Hallo!

B: Guten Tag!

A: Wie heißt du?

B: Ich heiße Marlene. Und du?

A: Ich heiße Tanja. Wie geht's?

B: Mir geht's gut. Und wie geht's dir?

A: Mir geht's schlecht. Ich habe Kopfschmerzen.

B: Oh nein! Gute Besserung (=get well soon). Woher kommst du?

A: Ich komme aus Hamburg. Und du?

B: Ich komme aus Stuttgart.

A: Hast du Geschwister?

B: Ja, ich habe eine Schwester und zwei Brüder. Sie sind in Stuttgart. Meine Schwester heißt Laura und sie ist 20 (zwanzig) Jahre alt. Meine Brüder heißen Tim und Tom. Sie sind Zwillinge und 21 (einundzwanzig) Jahre alt.

A: Super! Ich habe keine Geschwister. Aber ich habe Cousins und Cousinen. Was studierst du?
 B: Ich studiere Jura. Was studierst du?
 A: Ich studiere Medizin. Ich will Ärztin werden. Was willst du werden?
 B: Ich will Anwalt werden.
 A: Cool! Mein Bruder arbeitet als Anwalt.
 B: Ich muss jetzt los. (I need to go now) Tschüß!
 A: Tschüß!

- **Base 2**

1. Ergänze das richtige Verb.

1. Ich _____ Deutsch. (I learn German.)
2. Der Junge _____ Fußball. (The boy plays football.)
3. Sie _____ große Füße. (She has big feet.)
4. Die Mädchen _____ rote Haare. (The girls have red hair.)
5. Wir _____ schlau. (We are smart.)
6. Du _____ aus Deutschland. (You are from Germany.)
7. Wo _____ ihr? (Where are you?)
8. Du _____ hübsch. (You are pretty.)
9. _____ ich lange oder kurze Haare? (Do I have long or short hair?)
10. Sie _____ (Machen) heute nichts. (They don't do anything today.)
11. Anna _____ (kaufen) ein rotes Haus. (Anna buys a red house.)

2. Ergänze die Adjektive im Komparativ oder Superlativ.

1. Von allen Ländern der Europäischen Union ist Malta am _____.
3. (klein)
2. In unserer Familie ist mein Großvater am _____. (alt)
3. Schokolade hat _____ Kalorien als Obst. (viel)
4. Meine Schwester ist _____ als ich. Sie ist 23 Jahre alt und ich bin 26. (jung)
5. Die Spaghetti sind hier _____ als in unserem Supermarkt. Sie kosten 50 Cent mehr. Aber am _____ sind sie im Supermarkt am Flughafen. (teuer)
6. Ich trinke gern Wasser. Aber viel _____ trinke ich Orangensaft. (gern)
4. (gern)
7. Ich bin so müde. Heute gehe ich _____ ins Bett als gestern. (früh)
8. Welche Filme gefallen dir am _____? – Krimis. Das sind meine Lieblingsfilme. (gut)

Italian

- **Base 1**

1. Choose the right option

1. libro
 - a. La
 - b. Lo
 - c. Il
2. Lo studente
 - a. Sei, un
 - b. Sono, uno
 - c. Sono, una
3. Completa con la forma corretta dell'aggettivo: Ho una macchina
 - a. Francesa
 - b. Francese
 - c. Francesi
4. Mark e Sharon ... americani.
 - a. Sono
 - b. Siamo
 - c. è
5. molta fame.
 - a. Sono
 - b. Siamo
 - c. Abbiamo
6. "Vieni anche tu stasera?" - "Sì, ... anch'io."
 - a. Vengo
 - b. Vieno
 - c. Viengo
7. (fare e essere)..... sempre la spesa in questo negozio. C'è molta scelta, e i prezzi convenienti.
 - a. Faro - sono
 - b. Faccio - sono
 - c. Faccio - è
8. (partire e andare) "Quando ... tuo fratello?" - "... alla stazione fra mezz'ora, perché?"
 - a. Parte, Va
 - b. Parte, Anda
 - c. Parti, Va
9. "..... dove sei?" - Sono ... Genova, ma abito ... Firenze. Sono qui solo per lavoro."
 - a. Di, di, in
 - b. Da, da, in
 - c. Di, di, a

10. vedrò Marco e Sofia e una pizza
- Martedì, mangeremo
 - Luglio, mangeremo
 - Martedì, mangiamo

2. Complete the following text

Carla 23 anni ed è una ragazza italian.... . Abita Roma. Di solito a colazione lei (mangiare) uno yogurt, (2 spell) mele e tre biscott..... . Carla (parlare) molto bene il francese perché ogni estate (andare) a Parigi. Le (piacere) molto il cinema e ci va una volta ogni (week translate).

• **Base 2**

1. Fill in the correct conjunction in the sentences. Choose among the following:

- E (X2)
- (X2)
- Ma Anche se Perché'(X3)

- Prima andiamo a studiare _____ dopo andiamo a giocare al parco
- Pietro preferisce andaré al mare oggi _____ e' una bellissima giornata _____ a lui piace nuotare quando c'e' il sole.
- A me piace molto bere il caffè' la mattina, _____ oggi non lo bevo _____ ho male alla panica
- _____ mi sento male oggi, devo andare a lavorare _____ ho un incontro importante
- Oggi abbiamo una scelta: _____ andiamo al lago _____ andiamo alla festa di Luca

2. Choose the correct form of the superlative or of the comparative

- Queste mele sono _____ .
 - buonissime
 - meno buonissime
 - più buonissime
- La sua auto è _____ mia.
 - nuovissima
 - più nuova della
 - più nuova che
- Mio padre è _____ della famiglia.

- a) il più alto
 - b) più alto
 - c) altissimo
4. Il mio compito è _____ del tuo.
- a) più meglio
 - b) meglissimo
 - c) migliore
5. Alessandro è alto _____ Michele.
- a) più
 - b) meno
 - c) come
6. Questa casa è _____ dell'altra.
- a) meno cara
 - b) carissima
 - c) più cara che
7. Questo quartiere è _____ della città.
- a) il più peggiore
 - b) il peggiore
 - c) pessimo
8. Questo pranzo è _____ .
- a) ottimo
 - b) meglio
 - c) il più ottimo

Japanese

We currently only offer base 1 classes, which is accessible to everyone without prior knowledge of Japanese language and culture.

Korean

- Base 1

1. Circle the correct sentence ending.

- a) 재민 씨는 학생(지요 / 이지요)?
- b) 저 사람이 애니 씨(지요 / 이지요)?
- c) 내일은 수요일(지요 / 이지요)?
- d) 안나 씨는 요리사(지요 / 이지요)?

2. Complete the following sentences using '-아/어 주세요' pattern and the words given in the parentheses.

- a) 책을 (사다)
- b) 케이크를 (만들다)
- c) 내일 (오다)
- d) 음식을 (준비하다)

3. Circle the correct particle.

- a) 한국(로 / 으로) 왔어요.
- b) 옆(로 / 으로) 오세요.
- c) 교실(로 / 으로) 갈까요?
- d) 뒤(로 / 으로) 가요.

- Base 2

If you are able to finish the exercises of base 1, you are welcome to sign up for base 2.

Mandarin

We currently only offer base 1 classes, which is accessible to everyone without prior knowledge of Mandarin language and culture.

Russian

- Base 1

1. Fill in the blanks:

_____ находится Барселона?

_____ ты родился?

_____ президент России?

_____ вы учите русский язык?

_____ дела?

2. Conjugate 2 verbs to work - **работать** and to love – **любить**

Я

Ты

ОН/ОНА/ОНО

Мы

Вы

Они

3. Choose the correct option:

Какое небо? а) синяя; б) синее; в) синий
Какая ночь? а) чёрный; б) чёрное; в) чёрная
Какой цветок? а) красный; б) красная; в) красное
Какой ресторан? а) хороший; б) хорошая; в) хорошее

- Base 2

If you are able to finish the exercises of base 1, you are welcome to sign up for base 2.

Spanish

- Base 1

1. Complete the following:

1. Hola, me llamo _____.

2. Tengo _____años.

3. Vivo en _____.

4. Soy de _____.

2. Use the correct form of Ser or Estar

1. Nosotros _____ tristes.

2. Mi amigo _____ casado con Leire.

3. La silla _____ mía.

4. EUR _____ la universidad de Rotterdam.

5. Madrid _____ en España.

6. Merkel, la canciller Alemana, _____ rubia.

3. What time is it?

06:05 am →

04:15 pm →

02:45 am →

08:30 pm →

10:50 pm→

- Base 2

1. Escribe oraciones que lleven las conjunciones citadas

CONJ.	ORACIÓN
Y	-----
Como	-----
Cuando	-----
Para que	-----
Porque	-----
Pero	-----

2. Escribe la siguientes oraciones, usando las conjunciones puestas.

1. Estoy enferma. No iré a trabajar mañana.

-----_porque_-----

2. Pregunté a mucha gente. Nadie me pudo ayudar.

-----_pero_-----

3. Tengo que trabajar. No tengo ganas.

-----_aunque_-----

4. Me vienes a visitar. Te enseñaré mi colección.

-----_si_-----

5. Te espero. Tú vengas.

-----_hasta que_-----

6. Vuelvas de vacaciones. Llámame.

-----en cuanto-----

7. Tengas tiempo. Vamos al restaurante.

-----cuando-----

8. Llueve. Se quedan en casa.

-----así que-----

9. Me das un libro. Pueda leer.

-----para que-----

10. El libro será enviado mañana. Yo pienso.

-----que-----

- **Base 3**

If you are able to finish the exercises of base 1 and 2 and feel that you have enough vocabulary to keep up a conversation, you are welcome to sign up for base 3.